##  REVISE

## Oxford Revise | Edexcel GCSE Maths Foundation | Answers

Chapter 30 Sampling and averages

| Question | Answer | Extra information | Marks |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 30.1 (a) | Classical |  | 1 |
| 30.2 (a) | $\frac{8}{40} \times 180=36$ <br> 36 students <br> Correct answer | 1 |  |
| 30.2 (b) | Representative, random sample, no bias, etc. | Suitable assumption | 1 |
| 30.3 (a) | 152 cm |  | 1 |
| $30.3(\mathrm{~b})$ | 9 cm |  | 1 |
| 30.4 (a) | Mode $=2$ | Writing the numbers in order, or for $(3+4) \div 2$ <br> Correct answer |  |
| 30.4 (b) | Median $=3.5$ | Add all numbers together and divide by 16 <br> Correct answer | 1 |
| 30.4 (c) | The sum of the numbers is 64 <br> The mean is $64 \div 16=4$ |  | 1 |
| 30.4 (d) | $8-1=7$ | 1 |  |


| Question | Answer | Extra information | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 30.5 | $63 \times 10=630$ (total of all 10 numbers) $51 \times 4=204$ (total of four of the numbers) $630-204=426$ (total of the six remaining numbers) $426 \div 6=71$ <br> The mean of the remaining six numbers is 71 | 630 or 204 <br> Subtracting 204 from 630 and dividing by 6 <br> Correct answer | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ |
| 30.6 (a) | Table filled correctly with these frequencies: | 1 mark for at most 2 errors Fully correct | $1$ |
| $\begin{array}{r} 30.6 \text { (b) } \\ \text { (i) } \end{array}$ | 3 |  | 1 |
| $\begin{array}{r} \hline 30.6 \text { (b) } \\ \text { (ii) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 5 |  | 1 |
| $\begin{array}{r} 30.6 \text { (b) } \\ \text { (iii) } \end{array}$ | The value halfway between the 10th and 11th values is 3 |  | 1 |


| Question | Answer | Extra information | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 30.7 (a) | Missing values from the table: <br> midpoint for $16<x \leq 24$ is 20 <br> $f \times$ midpoint for $8<x \leq 16$ is 360 <br> $f \times$ midpoint total is 960 | 20 or 360 or 960 <br> Fully correct table | $1$ |
| 30.7 (b) | $0<x \leq 8$ |  | 1 |
| 30.7 (c) | Estimated mean length: $\frac{f \times \text { midpoint }}{f}=\frac{960}{100}=9.6 \mathrm{~cm}$ | Dividing the last column by 100 <br> Correct answer | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ |
| 30.8 (a) | $(71+1) \div 2=36$ <br> The median is the 36 th value. <br> Median class is $30<t \leq 35$ | $(71+1) \div 2=36$ <br> Correct answer | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ |
| 30.8 (b) | Add columns to table for Midpoint and $f \times$ midpoint and arrive at a Frequency total of 71 and a $f \times$ midpoint total of 2267.5 <br> Estimate for mean $=2267.5 \div 71=31.93$, or 32 minutes to the nearest minute | Multiplying frequencies by your midpoints <br> Dividing final column total by 71 <br> Correct answer, to the nearest minute | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ |
| 30.8 (c) | You don't know the actual data values, so using the midpoints provides only an estimate. | Clear explanation | 1 |


| Question | Answer | Extra information | Marks |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 30.9 | The frequency total is $10 y$ <br> Use midpoints of 2 and 6 respectively for the <br> two classes. <br> The $f \times$ midpoint total is $48 y$ <br> Estimate for the mean: $\frac{48 y}{10 y}=4.8$ | Multiplying frequencies by your midpoints <br> Dividing final column total by your frequency total <br> Correct answer | 1 |
| 30.10 | 24.5 minutes | 1 |  |
| 30.11 | Angle $A B C=110$ (corresponding angle) <br> Angle sum in isosceles triangle is <br> $x+x+110=180$ <br> Therefor each smaller angle in the triangle <br> is $35^{\circ}$ | 2 marks for correct answer <br> or <br> 1 mark for 2160 minutes |  |
| 30.12 | $51.25 \%$ <br> Subtract from 180 and divide by 2 <br> Correct answer | 2 |  |
|  | 3 marks for correct answer <br> or <br> 1 mark for 205 <br> 1 mark for 160 are blue | 1 |  |

