## Oxford Revise | Edexcel GCSE Maths Higher | Answers

Chapter 17 Compound measures and multiplicative reasoning

| Question | Answer | Extra information | Marks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 17.1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Rate }=\frac{\text { Volume }}{\text { time }} \\ & 20=\frac{2400}{t} \\ & t=\frac{2400}{20} \\ & t=120 \\ & \text { Time }=120 \text { seconds } \end{aligned}$ | $2400 \div 20$ <br> Correct answer, including units | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ |
| 17.2 | $\text { Density }=\frac{\text { mass }}{\text { volume }}=\frac{38700}{5}=7740 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ | Convert g to kg <br> Use of the formula for density <br> Correct answer | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{array}$ |
| 17.3 (a) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Speed }=\frac{\text { distance }}{\text { time }} \\ & 47=\frac{5.64}{t} \\ & t=\frac{5.64}{47}=0.12 \text { hours } \end{aligned}$ <br> 0.12 hours $=7.2$ minutes <br> 0.2 minutes $=12$ seconds <br> Therefore, time is 7 minutes and 12 seconds | Convert to consistent units <br> Attempt to use formula to find the time <br> 0.12 hours <br> Correct answer | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ |


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| 17.3 (b) | 0.78 m per minute $=0.0468 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ <br> So, the snail is slightly faster | Convert to consistent units 0.78 m per minute $=0.0468 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ Correct conclusion | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| 17.4 | Dogs Love Bach: 9 kg for $£ 12.99$ <br> Unit cost $=£ 1.44333 \ldots$ for 1 kg <br> Woof \& Ready: 8 kg for $£ 11.00$ <br> Unit cost $=£ 1.375$ for 1 kg , which is the better value | At least one of dividing costs by 9 or 8 $£ 1.44 \ldots$ or $£ 1.375$ <br> Comparison of correct answers with correct conclusion (i.e. Woof \& Ready is cheaper) | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ |
| 17.5 | France: $58800 \div 12=4900$ euros per acre <br> Argentina: $4520000 \div 64.19=70415.95264$ euros <br> $70415.95264 \div 15=4694.39 \ldots$ euros per acre <br> Lower cost per acre in Argentina | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 58800 \div 12(=4900) \\ 4520000 \div 64.19(=70415.9 \ldots) \\ 4900 \text { and } 4694(.3 \ldots) \text { with correct } \\ \text { conclusion } \\ \text { (i.e. Argentina is cheaper) } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ |
| 17.6 (a) | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 12 \times 6=72 \text { painter days' } \\ & 72 \div 18=4 \text { days } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $12 \times 6 \div 18$, or equivalent Correct answer | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 1 \\ & 1 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| 17.6 (b) | $72 \div 3=24$ painters | $12 \times 6 \div 3$, or equivalent Correct answer | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |


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| 17.6 (c) |  | Correct shape <br> Graph approaches (but does not touch) both sets of axes. | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ |
| 17.7 | $\begin{aligned} & T=\frac{k}{W} \\ & 5=\frac{k}{4} \\ & \Rightarrow k=20 \\ & T=\frac{20}{8}=2.5 \end{aligned}$ | Setting up a formula to represent the inverse relationship Correct answer |  |
| 17.8 (a) | $\begin{aligned} & p=k q \\ & \Rightarrow k=12.5 \\ & p=12.5 q \end{aligned}$ | Use given values to find $k$. Write formula for $p$ in terms of $q$, using this $k$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ |
| 17.8 (b) | $\begin{aligned} & 40=12.5 q \\ & q=\frac{40}{12.5}=3.2 \end{aligned}$ | Substituting $p=40$ into formula from part a <br> Correct answer |  |


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| 17.9 | $f$ must be inversely proportional to $h^{2}$ : $\begin{aligned} & f=\frac{k}{h^{2}} \Rightarrow 6=\frac{k}{0.5^{2}} \Rightarrow k=\frac{3}{2} \\ & \Rightarrow f=\frac{3}{2 h^{2}} \end{aligned}$ | 1 mark for describing the proportionality of $f$ and $h$. <br> 1 mark for $f=\frac{k}{h^{2}}$ or equivalent <br> 1 mark for correct value of $k$ <br> 1 mark for correct final answer | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ |
| 17.10 (a) | $7 \times 2=14$ "builder days" <br> 4 workers means $14 \div 4=3.5$ days | Finding "builder days" or equivalent Correct answer | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 1 \\ 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| 17.10 (b) | Assumption is that all workers work at the exact same rate |  | 1 |
| 17.11 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Original density }=\frac{30}{100}=0.3 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{3} \\ & \text { New density }=\frac{70}{140}=0.5 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{cm}^{3} \\ & \% \text { increase }=\frac{0.5-0.3}{0.3} \times 100 \%=66.6 \% \end{aligned}$ <br> Pat is correct | Finding original and new density Obtaining a \% increase | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ |

## OXFORD REVISE

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| 17.12 | $\begin{aligned} & f=k \sqrt{g} \\ & 2=k \sqrt{324} \\ & k=\frac{1}{9} \\ & \Rightarrow f=\frac{\sqrt{g}}{9} \end{aligned}$ <br> Now, $\begin{aligned} & g=\frac{K}{h^{2}} \\ & 225=\frac{K}{0.2^{2}} \\ & K=9 \\ & \Rightarrow g=\frac{9}{h^{2}} \\ & f^{2}=\frac{g}{81}=\frac{1}{81}\left(\frac{9}{h^{2}}\right)=\frac{1}{9 h^{2}} \\ & f=\sqrt{\frac{1}{9 h^{2}}}=\frac{1}{3 h} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & f=k \sqrt{g} \\ & g=\frac{K}{h^{2}} \end{aligned}$ <br> Substitutes values of $f$ and $g$ to find $k$, or values of $g$ and $h$ to find $K$. <br> $k$ or $K$ correct <br> Correct answer | $1$ |


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| 17.13 | $\begin{aligned} & v=\frac{k}{w^{2}} \\ & 2=\frac{k}{9 x^{2}} \\ & k=18 x^{2} \\ & \Rightarrow v=\frac{18 x^{2}}{w^{2}} \end{aligned}$ <br> When $w=5 x$ : $v=\frac{18 x^{2}}{25 x^{2}}=\frac{18}{25}=0.72$ | $v=\frac{k}{w^{2}}$ <br> Substituting $v=2$ and $w=3 \mathrm{x}$ correctly Complete method leading to correct answer | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ |
| 17.14 | $1.98 \mathrm{~km}=1980 \mathrm{~m}$ <br> Lower Bound for distance $=1975 \mathrm{~m}$ <br> Upper Bound for distance $=1985 \mathrm{~m}$ <br> Lower Bound for time $=57.5 \mathrm{~s}$ <br> Upper Bound for time $=62.5 \mathrm{~s}$ <br> Upper Bound for speed $=\frac{1985}{57.5}=34.521 \ldots$ <br> Lower Bound for speed $=\frac{1975}{62.5}=31.6$ <br> Both round to $30 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ to 1 sf | $\begin{aligned} & 1975 \text { or } 57.5 \\ & 1985 \text { or } 62.5 \end{aligned}$ <br> Correct method for UB of speed of LB of speed <br> $34.5217 \ldots$ and 31.6 correct <br> Correct answer with explanation | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ |


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| 17.15 | Egg without shell $=44.5 \mathrm{~g}$ <br> $11 \%$ decrease means a multiplier of 0.89 <br> Egg with shell $\times 0.89=44.5$ <br> Therefore, egg with shell $=\frac{44.5}{0.89}=50 \mathrm{~g}$ | Correct multiplier for $11 \%$ decrease <br> Sets up correct relationship between <br> shell on and off <br> Correct answer | 1 <br> 1 |
| 17.16 | The ratio of their money is originally $2: 1$ <br> So, the actual amount of money that each person has can be <br> represented as $2 x$ and $1 x$, respectively. <br> They each pay $£ 9$ for lunch, so they now have $2 x-9$ and $x-9$ <br> pounds, respectively, and this is in the ratio of $5: 2$. <br> Hence: $\frac{2 x-9}{x-9}=\frac{5}{2}$ <br> $5 x-45=4 x-18$ <br> $x=27$ | Letting $x$ and $2 x$ represent the original <br> amounts <br> Writing $x-9$ and $2 x-9$ as the current <br> amounts <br> Setting up the ratio equation $\frac{2 x-9}{x-9}=\frac{5}{2}$ <br> That means Ted started with $£ 27$, and Fred started with $£ 54$ | 1 |

