

## Oxford Revise | AQA GCSE Maths Foundation | Answers

## **Chapter 3 Standard form**

Question	Answer	Extra information	Marks
3.1 (a)	156 000 000		1
3.1 (b)	0.008 02		1
3.2 (a)	$4.8 \times 10^{10}$		1
3.2 (b)	7.03×10 <sup>-5</sup>		1
3.2 (c)	9.5×10 <sup>7</sup>		1
3.2 (d)	6.8×10 <sup>-5</sup>		1
3.3	$1.5 \times 10^{8}$		1
	Put all numbers either in standard or ordinary form and then compare.	Converting at least two of the numbers correctly to an alternative form	1
3.4	Order, biggest to smallest is:	Any three in the correct order	1
	$2.3 \times 10^5$ , $2.1 \times 10^4$ , 2200, $0.21 \times 10^4$	Correct answer	1
3.5	The virus is $5 \times 10^{-8}$ m, so it is smaller	Writing both numbers in the same form	1
		Correct answer	1
3.6 (a)	$6 \times 10^2$		1



Question	Answer	Extra information	Marks
3.6 (b)	$2 \times 10^{-4}$		1
3.6 (c)	8×10 <sup>-2</sup>		1
3.6 (d)	$6 \times 10^{7}$		1
3.7	No, he is not correct. In order for a number to be written in standard form, the number, $A$ , multiplied by the power of 10, must be such that $1.0 \le A < 10$	Identified answer as wrong, and provides correct explanation	1
	The correct answer is $1.8 \times 10^7$		4
3.8	$2.1 \times 10^3$	Identified answer in ordinary form as 2100 Correct answer (in standard form)	1
3.9 (a)	$(5 \times 10^{4}) + (6 \times 10^{5}) = 50000 + 600000$ $= 650000$ $= 6.5 \times 10^{5}$	Converting the numbers in brackets to ordinary form or the same power of 10 Correct answer	1 1
3.9 (b)	$(9 \times 10^{-3}) - (3 \times 10^{-4}) = 0.009 - 0.0003$ = 0.0087 = 8.7 × 10^{-3}	Converting the numbers in brackets to ordinary form or the same power of 10 Correct answer	1 1
3.9 (c)	$(2.1 \times 10^8) \times (3 \times 10^{-5}) = 6.3 \times 10^{8-5}$ = 6.3×10 <sup>3</sup>	Converting the numbers in brackets to ordinary form or the same power of 10 Correct answer	1 1



Question	Answer	Extra information	Marks
3.9 (d)	$(8.2 \times 10^3) \div (4.1 \times 10^7) = 2 \times 10^{3-7}$ = 2.0×10 <sup>-4</sup>	Converting the numbers in brackets to ordinary form or the same power of $10$	1
	$=2.0\times10^{-4}$	Correct answer	1
3.10 (a)	$6.0 \times 10^5$		1
3.10 (b)	3.0×10 <sup>5</sup>		1
3.10 (c)	$6.5 \times 10^{-3}$		1
3.10 (d)	$3.5 \times 10^{-10}$		1
3.11	$(2 \times 10^4) \times (2 \times 10^2)^2 = (2 \times 10^4) \times (4 \times 10^4)$	Correct first step, i.e. $(2 \times 10^2)^2 = (4 \times 10^2)$	1
	$=8 \times 10^{8}$	Correct answer in standard form	1
3.12	Earth's diameter = $1.2742 \times 10^7$ m Jupiter's diameter = $14.2984 \times 10^7$ m While Jupiter's diameter, written this way is not in standard form, it is written with the same power of 10 as Earth's diameter. This shows that Jupiter's diameter is (14.2984 ÷ 1.2742) times greater than Earth's, which is closer to 10 times greater, not 1000 times greater.	Converting Earth's diameter to standard form Converting Jupiter's diameter to the same power of 10 as Earth's Correct conclusion and reason	1 1 1



Question	Answer	Extra information	Marks
3.13	$z = \frac{(2.5 \times 10^8)(4 \times 10^7)}{(2.5 \times 10^8) + (4 \times 10^7)}$ $= \frac{10 \times 10^{15}}{2.9 \times 10^8}$ $= 34482758.62$ $= 3.45 \times 10^7 (3 \text{ sf})$	Numerator correct, or rewritten as $1 \times 10^{16}$ Denominator correct or decimal equivalent Correct final answer, in standard form, to 3 sf	1 1 2
3.14	No. A prime number, by definition, has exactly two factors: itself and 1. The number 1 has only one factor.		1
3.15 (a)	$\frac{1}{16}$		1
3.15 (b)	1		1
3.15 (c)	$\frac{27}{8}$		1
3.15 (d)	$\frac{3}{4}$		1