## Oxford Revise | AQA GCSE Maths Foundation | Answers

Chapter 16 Proportion

| Question | Answer | Extra information | Marks |
| ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 16.1 | $\frac{32}{40} \times 100 \%=80 \%$ | $\frac{32}{40} \times 100 \%$ <br> Correct answer | 1 |
| 16.2 | $\frac{105}{135}=\frac{21}{27}=\frac{7}{9}$ | $\frac{105}{135}$ <br> Correct answer | 1 |
| 16.3 (a) | 3.5 pints | Allow 3.3 to 3.7 | 1 |
| 16.3 (b) | 2.3 litres |  | 1 |
| 16.4 (a) | Yes |  | 1 |
| 16.4 (b) | No |  | 1 |
| 16.4 (c) | Yes |  | 1 |
| 16.4 (d) | No | 0 | 1 |
| 16.5 (a) | Missing values from table are 0 and 1.5 | 1.5 | 1 |
| 16.5 (b) | $y=1.5 x$ or $y=\frac{3}{2} x$ |  | 1 |


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| 16.6 | Dogs Love Bach: $£ 12.99 \div 9=£ 1.44$ per kg <br> (nearest pence) <br> Woof and Ready: $£ 11.00 \div 8=£ 1.38$ per kg <br> (nearest pence). This is the better offer. | At least one of dividing costs by 9 or 8 <br> $£ 1.44$ or $£ 1.38$ <br> Comparison and correct conclusion | 1 |
| 16.7 | Graph $B$ | 1 |  |
| 16.8 (a) | $12 \times 6=18 \times$ time, so time $=72 \div 18=4$ days | $12 \times 6 \div 18$ or equivalent <br> Correct answer |  |
| 16.8 (b) | $12 \times 6=$ builders $\times 3$ days, so <br> builders $=72 \div 3=24$ builders | $12 \times 6 \div 3$ or equivalent <br> Correct answer | 1 |
| 16.9 (a) | $3 \times 30=4 \times$ time, so <br> time $=90 \div 4=22.5$ hours | $3 \times 30 \div 4$ or equivalent <br> Correct answer | 1 |
| 16.9 (b) | $90 \div 10=9$ taps | $3 \times 30 \div 10$ or equivalent <br> Correct answer |  |
| 16.10 (a) | $y=\frac{6}{x}$ |  | 1 |
| 16.10 (b) | $y=\frac{6}{4}=1.5$ | 1 |  |
| 16.10 (c) | $x=\frac{6}{1}=6$ | 1 |  |


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| 16.11 | $£ 1=\$ 1.31$, so in the UK the T-shirt sells for the equivalent of $24 \times 1.31=\$ 31.44$ <br> The T-shirt is a little cheaper in the US | Convert $£ 24$ to US\$ or $\$ 30$ to UK£ Comparison and correct conclusion |  |
| 16.12 | Protractors: <br> $4 \times$ (buy 5 and get the 6 th one free) <br> $=24$ protractors for the price of 20. <br> She must pay for 21 protractors for a cost of $21 \times 0.12=£ 2.52$ <br> Sticky tape: <br> $2 \times$ (buy 10 rolls for $£ 2$ ) +5 @ 24 p per roll. <br> She spends $£ 4+5 \times 0.24=£ 5.20$ <br> Pencil sharpeners <br> $12 \times$ (buy 1 and get 2 nd at half price) <br> $=24$ sharpeners. <br> So, she must pay $13 \times 18 p+12 \times 9 p=£ 3.42$ <br> Total cost $=2.52+5.20+3.42=£ 11.14$ | Any correct strategy to buy 25 protractors ( $£ 2.52$ ) or 25 rolls of sticky tape ( $£ 5.20$ ) or 25 pencil sharpeners (£3.42) <br> Two correct strategies <br> Adding the three amounts <br> Correct final answer | 1 <br> 1 |
| 16.13 (a) | $\frac{5}{4}=1.25=125 \%$ |  | 1 |
| 16.13 (b) | $0.72=\frac{72}{100}=\frac{18}{25}$ |  | 1 |


| Question | Answer | Extra information | Marks |
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| 16.13 (c) | $0.7 \%=0.007$ |  | 1 |
| 16.14 (a) | In a Fibonacci sequence, each term is the sum <br> of the previous two terms. Next two terms are: <br> $11(=4+7)$ <br> $18(=7+11)$ | Both must be correct |  |
| 16.14 (b) | The difference between the first and third <br> terms is -4, so the difference between <br> adjacent terms in the sequence is -2. The <br> sequence starts: $7,5,3,1, \ldots$ <br> The 4th term is 1 | Constant difference $=-2$ <br> Correct answer | 1 |

