


Question	Answers	Extra information	Mark	AO / Specification reference
01.1	force = spring constant x extension		1	AO1 6.5.3
01.2	2 = spring constant x 0.01 spring constant = $\frac{2}{0.01}$ = 200 (N/m)		1 1 1	AO2 6.5.3
01.3	work done = $0.5 \times 200 \times (0.01)^2$ = 0.01 J		1 1	AO2 6.5.3
01.4	correct suggestion e.g., use a newtonmeter/weights to measure the extension for different forces repeat several times and find the average extension plot a graph of force against extension if the graph is a straight line then the relationship is linear		1 1 1 1	AO1 6.5.3
02.1	a vector has magnitude and direction		1	AO1 6.5.1.1
02.2	weight magnetism		1 1	AO1 6.5.1.2
02.3	e.g., water resistance/drag, upthrust/buoyancy, tension		1	AO1 6.5.1.2
03.1			1	AO1
03.2	no the desk is pushing up (so there are two forces)		1 1	AO3 6.5.3

Question	Answers	Extra information	Mark	AO / Specification reference
03.3	three		1	A03 6.5.3
03.4	elastic deformation		1	A01
04.1	newtons		1	A02 6.5.1.3
04.2	$\frac{20+21+23}{3} = 21.3$ 21	answer given to two significant figures	1 1	A02 6.5.1.3
04.3	one mark for correctly plotted point one mark for line of best fit		2	A02 A03 6.5.1.3
04.4	the weight is proportional to the mass/there is a linear relationship		1	A03 6.5.1.3
05.1	non-contact – weight/force of the Earth on the wood		1	A01 A02 4.5.1.2
05.2	contact force – upthrust/upwards force of the water on the wood		1	A01 A02 4.5.1.2
05.3	equal opposite	do not accept 'they are balanced' or 'they cancel out'	1 1	

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05.4	water resistance contact force		1 1	AO1 AO2 4.5.1.2
06.1	mass — a measure of the amount of material in an object weight — is a measure of the force of gravity on an object	one mark for one line correct two marks for both lines correct	2	AO1 6.5.1.3
06.2	a region where the force of gravity acts		1	AO1 6.5.1.3
06.3	mass N/kg mass weight		1 1 1 1	AO1 6.5.1.3
07.1	the resultant force is the single force that has the same effect as all the forces acting together		1	AO1 6.5.1.4
07.2	zero		1	AO2 6.5.1.4
07.3	2000 N to the left		1 1	AO2 6.5.1.4
08.1	the force of the hand on the bag		1	AO2 4.5.3
08.2	inelastic deformation is deformation where the object does not return to its original shape when the force is removed		1	AO1 4.5.3

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08.3	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Statement</th> <th>Correct</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>the graph for the plastic bag shows a non-linear relationship between force and extension</td> <td>✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td>the graph for the plastic bag shows that is proportional to extension</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>a graph that is a straight line is likely to be for a spring</td> <td>✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td>the material that produced a linear graph has been inelastically deformed</td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Statement	Correct	the graph for the plastic bag shows a non-linear relationship between force and extension	✓	the graph for the plastic bag shows that is proportional to extension		a graph that is a straight line is likely to be for a spring	✓	the material that produced a linear graph has been inelastically deformed		one mark for each correct row	2	AO3 4.5.3
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a graph that is a straight line is likely to be for a spring	✓													
the material that produced a linear graph has been inelastically deformed														
09.1	2 cm = 0.02 m elastic potential energy = $0.5 \times 2000 \times 0.02^2$ = 0.4 J (joules)		1 1 1 1	AO1 AO2 6.5.3										
09.2	bigger the elastic potential energy stored/work done is proportional to the spring constant: elastic potential energy stored = $0.5 \times \text{spring constant} \times \text{extension}^2$; if the compression is the same but the work done is bigger, then the spring constant must be bigger		1 1	AO3 6.5.3										
09.3	yes the elastic potential energy stored in a spring is the same when it is extended by 1 cm as when compressed by 1 cm. The elastic potential energy stored is equal to the work done, so the same amount of work will be done (if the average force applied is the same).		1 1	AO2 6.5.3										
10.1	work done = force \times distance	accept $W = Fs$	1	AO1 4.5.2										

Question	Answers	Extra information	Mark	AO / Specification reference
10.2	work done = 20×30 = 600 (Nm or J)	accept 600 (Nm or J) with no working for the two calculation marks	1 1	AO2 4.5.2
10.3	friction		1	AO1 4.5.2
10.4	energy is transferred from the chemical energy store (food/oxygen) to the thermal energy store (of the surroundings)	do not accept answers involving kinetic energy	1 1	AO2 4.5.2