AQA GCSE Science Combined Foundation

Practice answers

P12



Question	Answers	Extra information	Mark	AO / Specification reference
01.1	B and C	both needed for the mark	1	AO1 6.7.1.1
01.2	A		1	AO1 6.7.1.1
01.3	non-contact permanent force magnetic		1 1 1 1	AO1 6.7.1.1
02.1	a permanent magnet is always magnetic an induced magnet becomes magnetic when it is put in a magnetic field		1 1	AO1 4.7.1.1
02.2	yes (it has become an induced magnet) any magnet has a magnetic field around it		1 1	AO2 4.7.1.1
02.3	Left box 'N', middle box 'S', right box 'N'		1	AO2 4.7.1.1
02.4	no it is no longer magnetic when it is removed from the magnetic field		1 1	AO2 4.7.1.1
03.1	neodymium		1	AO2 6.7.1.1
03.2	bar chart the magnets are names/words/categorical		1 1	AO2 6.7.1.1

© Oxford University Press <u>www.oxfordsecondary.co.uk</u> This resource sheet may have been changed from the original.



Practice answers

P12



Question	Answers	Extra information	Mark	AO / Specification reference
03.3	the Earth's magnetic field would be very difficult to plot on the same scale		1	AO3 6.7.1.1
03.4	you can turn it on and off or you can make an electromagnetic that is much stronger than a permanent magnet		1	AO3 6.7.2.1
04.1	one mark for correct shape – at least four lines drawn one mark for arrows going from north to south		2	AO1 6.7.1.2
04.2	a compass/iron filings		1	AO1 6.7.1.2
04.3	cobalt nickel		1	AO1 6.7.1.2
05.1	acceleration = $\frac{\text{changeinvelocity}}{\text{time}}$	accept a = $\frac{\Delta v}{t}$	1	AO1 6.5.4.1.5
05.2	acceleration = $\frac{2.7 - 0.5}{0.4}$ = 5.5 m/s ²		1	AO2 6.5.4.1.5
05.3	force = mass × acceleration	accept F = ma		AO1 4.5.6.2.2

© Oxford University Press <u>www.oxfordsecondary.co.uk</u> This resource sheet may have been changed from the original.

AQA GCSE Science Combined Foundation

Practice answers

P12



Question	Answers	Extra information	Mark	AO / Specification reference
05.4	$2.0 = 0.4 \times \text{acceleration}$		1	AO2
	acceleration = $\frac{2.0}{0.4}$			6.5.4.2.2
	0.4		1	
	$= 5.0 \text{ m/s}^2$		1	
05.5	there is an uncertainty in all measurements/difficult to pull with a constant		1	AO3
	force			6.5.4.1.5
				6.5.4.2.2
06.1	material		1	AO1
	iron		1	6.7.2.1
	force		1	
	weaker		1	
06.2	it gets stronger		1	AO2
				6.7.2.1
07.1	higher		1	AO1
	shorter		1	6.6.2.1
	the same		1	
07.2	increases the risk of skin cancer		1	A01
	or			6.6.2.3
	causes premature aging			0.0.2.0



Practice answers

P12



Question	Answers	Extra information	Mark	AO / Specification reference
07.3	correct use:		1	A01
	• tanning			6.6.2.4
	energy efficient lamps			
	checking for forgeries			
	killing insects/bacteria			
08.1	electromagnet		1	AO1
	stronger		1	6.7.2.1
08.2	there is a magnetic field around the electromagnet the paperclip is mad from steel, which is a magnetic material	accept paperclip is attracted to the electromagnet	1	AO3
			1	6.7.2.1
08.3	smaller distance from the electromagnet/strength of magnetic field is weaker than before		1	AO3
00.0			1	6.7.2.1
08.4	yes, it will move there is a magnetic field around the wire		1	AO3
			1	6.7.2.1
				6.7.2.2
09.1	(towards) north/the north magnetic pole		1	A01
	there is a magnetic field around the Earth		1	6.7.1.2
09.2	the magnetic field around the wire is stronger than the magnetic field of the		1	AO2
	Earth			6.7.1.2
	the needle of the compass changed direction when the current was switched on		1	
09.3	a compass needle is a magnet		1	A01
				6.7.1.2



Practice answers

P12



Question	Answers	Extra information	Mark	AO / Specification reference
10.1	the wire will get hot when it is connected to the battery		1	AO2
	only connect the wire for short periods of time		1	6.7.2.1
10.2	magnetic field with the same shape as that of a bar magnet		1	AO1 6.7.2.1
10.3	solenoid B		1	AO2
	it has more turns		1	6.7.2.1
10.4	the compass needle does not move		1	AO2
	the field in the centre of a solenoid is uniform/does not change		1	6.7.2.1